

# ANDREWS TO QUASH

Dean Adams Andrews Jr. today lost a bid to have his perjury indictment thrown out, and more witnesses will testify tomorrow in his bid to

have District Attorney Jim Garrison and his aides removed as his prosecutors.

Andrews, on trial before Criminal District Judge

Frank Sheas, is accused of lying before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury in connection with Garrison's probe of the slaying of President John F. Kennedy.

Judge Sheas today denied a

motion by Andrews, who is conducting his own defense, to quash the indictment against him on the grounds that the grand jury which indicted him was improperly selected.

# LOSES BID INDICTMENT

ONE WITNESS was heard on this motion, senior Criminal District Judge Bernard J. Bagert. Judge Bagert was questioned for about 10 minutes by Andrews on the man-

ner in which the jury was selected.

Andrews asked, "Did you have occasion to receive from the secretary of the jury commission of the Parish of Orleans a venire list from which to select a grand jury?"

Judge Bagert answered that he did receive such a list, although he did not remember who brought it to him.

ANDREWS THEN asked



**COMPOUND PROBLEMS** — Attorney DEAN A. DREWS JR. entered the second day of his trial for perjury in testimony before the grand jury today with another problem. A traffic ticket was placed on his car parked outside the courts building for parking in a no parking area.

him to explain the method he used to select the jury.

Judge Bagert said, "I sent my subpoena to nearly 60 jurors, and I interviewed everyone to whom I sent subpoena. Then I made my decision."

Andrews asked him if the juries were selected following the *Lockett* decision. (A federal court ruled a year ago that Edgar Lockett, a New Orleans Negro who spent more time on death row than any other criminal in American history, did not receive a fair trial because daily wage earners were excluded from the jury venire.)

JUDGE BAGERT said his selection was made after the *Lockett* decision. He said the process was changed recently to conform to the court ruling.

"I did not exclude anyone as wage earners," said Judge Bagert. "The problem was to get 12 men who were not reluctant jurors. I interviewed 60 people."

He said he did not want to choose reluctant jurors for a grand jury that would serve during the summer months because he wanted to avoid the problems of the jury not having a quorum.

Judge Bagert said there was one wage earner on the grand jury.

"HE IS A teacher nine months of the year and the other three months he is a construction worker and he makes more money laying brick than he does teaching."

As soon as Judge Bagert left the stand, Judge Shaw denied the motion and recessed the hearing until 10 a.m. tomorrow.

At that time Orleans Parish Coroner Dr. Nicholas J. Cheif, Dr. Edmund Patter and Perry Raymond Russo have been subpoenaed to testify. All three were key witnesses in the preliminary hearing for Clay L. Shaw. (Turn to Page 7, Column 1)

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charged with criminal conspiracy in the president's slaying.

JUDGE SHEA SAID he expected to end the hearing on the recusal motion tomorrow and begin immediately with selection of a five-man jury to try Andrews.

The judge said he would conduct the trial through the weekend if necessary.

As the hearing on the recusal motion went into its second day, Andrews called three witnesses: two policemen and a godson of the late David William Ferrie.

Ferrie, who died here Feb. 22, was a key figure in Garrison's Kennedy death plot probe. The perjury charge against Andrews grew out of the probe.

THE GODSON is MORRIS Brownlee, 4728 Jefferson Hwy. Andrews quizzed him about an incident in October, 1966, in which he, Brownlee, was arrested.

Andrews asked Brownlee if anyone in the DA's office asked him about Ferrie. Assistant DA James L. Arcock objected to Andrews' line of questioning, and Judge Frank Shea said Andrews would have to show that it was relevant.

Andrews asked for a recess to show the judge the relevance of the questioning, and it was granted.

When court resumed, Andrews said he had no other questions for Brownlee, but held him under subpoena for tomorrow.

Andrews then made a motion to withdraw his formal pleading of not guilty in order to make a motion to quash the indictment against him.

Judge Shea instructed Andrews that it was not necessary to withdraw his not guilty plea to file the motion to quash.

Assistant DA James L. Arcock objected to the move to quash because it was not filed three days prior to the trial as the law requires.

Judge Shea read the law and said it left him the discretion to permit its being filed and he allowed Andrews to do so.

Before Brownlee took the stand, the two policemen testified. They are Pfa. Juan P. Tobin and Pfa. Warren Armond. They testified concerning the arrest on Sept. 19, 1966, of a man identified as

### Manuel Garcia Gonzalez

ANDREWS HAS SAID in the past that he made up the name of Gonzalez after conversations with the district attorney pertaining to the alleged assassin plot against President Kennedy.

At one point the DA's office was searching for such a man in the Miami area. He was supposedly a powerful built man.

Tobin identified one of two arrest cards on a Manuel Gonzalez, which Andrews entered into the record as a defense exhibit.

Tobin testified that he did apprehend a subject whose name is listed as "Manuel G. Gonzalez." He said the arrest was made in Vie's Bar, 1867 Decatur. He said the man was arrested for carrying a concealed weapon.

THE PATRICK MAN was then called by Andrews, acting as his own attorney, to describe Gonzalez.

Tobin said Gonzalez was about five feet seven inches tall, weighed 150 pounds, had black hair and an olive complexion.

Andrews asked if the arrested man was "printed and mugged."

"Not to my knowledge, no," said Tobin.

Armond, who was a partner of Tobin at the time of the arrest, confirmed Tobin's description of the arrested man and like Tobin, said that Gonzalez spoke broken English.

FOR THIS reason, he said, the desk sergeant had a hard time getting the man's name right.

The hearing to receive Garrison from the trial got off to a late start when Judge Shea cleared his docket of other business.

Andrews went to the back of the courtroom where he carried on conversations with Joseph Rauff, a witness in the trial, and Louis Iven, chief investigator for the DA's office.

When he was not conversing he sat ramrod straight and stared ahead at the proceedings at the front of the court.

A French Quarter stripper stole the show from Andrews early in the day when her obscenity case showed up on Judge Shea's early docket.

RITA ALEXANDER, known professionally as the Cham-

pagne Girl, entered the courtroom and took a seat in the back row reserved for witnesses, to the delight of the witnesses and newsmen.

All eyes, including Andrews', remained glued on Miss Alexander until she left the courtroom.

In an interview with the States-Times before the hearing opened this morning, Andrews was asked about a statement yesterday by his former attorney Sam Monk Zinner, who said he was withdrawing from the case because he and Andrews couldn't agree on strategy. Asked if this were true, Andrews said:

"Aw, he's full bull."

ANDREWS SAID HE was seeking the help of additional counsel for the trial itself after the recusal motion is disposed of.

"I'm not stupid enough to go it alone for the trial—three heads are better than one you know."

Andrews said he has talked to three or four lawyers about representing him at the trial but has made no decision yet.

The chubby former Jefferson Parish assistant DA, in a cheerful mood, said he had been exhausted yesterday after 12 hours of grueling testimony, in which most of the questioning was done by him. He said he "slept like a log" from 10:30 p. m. until 3:30 this morning.

YESTERDAY, ANDREWS who is free on bond, ate lunch at Parish Prison at the invitation of the warden. He had soup and cucumbers. He said:

"Now, if the bed is as good as the food, we're in business."

Andrews told that Gordon Novel, a fugitive witness in Garrison's Kennedy probe, had called last night to ask about him, and:

"That Gordon, he's something else. Gordon's all right. You know, I've known him for a long time. Yeah, he's really something else."

Andrews wore his habitual dark glasses throughout today's proceedings, as he did yesterday. He got a jolt this morning when police ticketed his car parked outside the courthouse.

The trial, which is the first in Garrison's probe of the

president's murder, deals with Garrison's allegation that Andrews lied when he said he could not identify Clay Shaw as Clay Bertrand.

Andrews told the Warren Commission that shortly after the assassination, a man named Clay Bertrand called him and asked him to defend Lee Harvey Oswald, accused assassin. Garrison contends that Shaw, retired New Orleans businessman, used Bertrand as an alias and participated in a conspiracy to murder Kennedy.